

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS PO Box 1450 Alexandran, Virginia 22313-1450 www.emplo.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/586,529	02/05/2007	Stefan Golz	004974.01203	4474
22907 BANNER & V	7590 VITCOFF, LTD.	EXAMINER		
1100 13th STREET, N.W. SUITE 1200 WASHINGTON, DC 20005-4051			MACFARLANE, STACEY NEE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		1649	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/28/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/586,529 GOLZ ET AL.

Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit					
	·	STACEY MACFARLANE	1649					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app			ddress				
Period fo								
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLOHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. WHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D. What was to film may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 cm. of the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 cm. of the provisions of 18 CFR 1.15 cm. of 18 CF	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a repty be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
		action is non-final.						
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowar	this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
	Claim(s) is/are rejected.							
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)🖂	☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐							
Applicat	ion Papers							
	•	-						
	9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
10)	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)□	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
•	<u>v</u>		(d) (f)					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(a) or (t).					
а)	<ul> <li>All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents</li> </ul>							
	Certified copies of the priority documents     Certified copies of the priority documents		on No					
				Ctono				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
* (	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
,	Gee the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen		_						
🔽								

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SE/C8) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date. \_\_\_\_\_. 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_ 6) Other: U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Page 2

Application/Control Number: 10/586,529

Art Unit: 1649

### DETAILED ACTION

# Election/Restrictions

Restriction is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 and 372.

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which

are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

In accordance with 37 CFR 1.499, applicant is required, in reply to this action, to

elect a single invention to which the claims must be restricted.

Group I, claim(s) 1 and 4-11, drawn to a method of screening comprising contacting a test compound with KLK12 Polypeptide and detecting binding of the test compound to KLK12.

Group II, claim(s) 2 and 3, drawn to a method of screening comprising contacting a test compound with KLK12 Polypeptide and determining activity of a KLK12 polypeptide in the presence or absence of the test compound.

Group III, claim(s) 12-17, drawn to a method of screening comprising contacting a test compound with KLK12 polynucleotide and detecting binding of the test compound to KLK12.

Group IV, claim(s) 18, drawn to a method of diagnosing disease comprising determining the amount of KLK12 polynucleotide in a sample taken from healthy versus diseased mammals.

Group V, claim(s) 21, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of disease comprising an agent which regulates the activity of KLK12 polypeptide.

Group VI, claim(s) 22, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of disease comprising the KLK12 polynucleotide.

Group VII, claim(s) 23, drawn to a pharmaceutical composition for the treatment of disease comprising the KLK12 polypeptide.

Art Unit: 1649

2. The inventions listed as Groups I-VII do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: the single general inventive concept that permeates the groups is methods of screening or diagnosis via detection and binding of KLK12 polynucleotides. The expression "special technical feature" is defined in Rule 13.2 as meaning those technical features that define a contribution which each of the inventions makes over the prior art. Whether a particular feature makes a contribution over the prior art, is considered with respect to novelty and inventive step. In the instant application, methods of screening or diagnosis via detection and binding of KLK12 polynucleotides does not make a contribution over the prior art. The following reference teaches in situ hybridization of KLK12 mRNA and differential expression in breast cancer (Yousef et al. Genomics, 69(3): 331-341. November 1, 2000). The prior art recites the common technical feature of Groups I-VII, thus, there is no special technical feature over the prior art and the application lacks Unity of Invention under PCT Rule 13.1.

Pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.475 (a), Unity of invention before the International Searching Authority, an international and a national stage application shall relate to one invention only or to a group of inventions so linked as to form a single general inventive concept ("requirement of unity of invention"). Where a group of inventions is claimed in an application, the requirement of unity of invention shall be fulfilled only when there is a technical relationship among those inventions involving one or more of the same or corresponding special technical features. The expression "special technical features"

Application/Control Number: 10/586,529 Page 4

Art Unit: 1649

shall mean those technical features that define a contribution which each of the claimed inventions, considered as a whole, makes over the prior art. As such, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. § 1.475 (b), the ISA/US considers that when an international or a national stage application containing claims to different categories of invention unity of invention exists if the claims are drawn only to one of the following combinations of categories:

- (1) A product and a process specially adapted for the manufacture of said product; or
- (2) A product and process of use of said product; or
- (3) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and a use of the said product; or
- (4) A process and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process;
- (5) A product, a process specially adapted for the manufacture of the said product, and an apparatus or means specifically designed for carrying out the said process.
- 3. The inventions of Groups I-IV are drawn to methods of screening or diagnosis by determination of structurally distinct compositions, protein or agonist versus nucleic acid molecule. Proteins and nucleic acid sequences are materially distinct structures; proteins comprising of amino acids while nucleic acid molecules are comprised of nucleic acid bases. Proteins and nucleic acids have different methods and modes of use, for example proteins mediate cellular functions such as receptors, channels, intracellular signaling molecules or enzymatic reactions, whereas the functions of nucleic acid molecules are limited to the nucleus of the cell. Proteins and nucleic acid molecules, as claimed, do not encompass overlapping subject matter, are not interchangeable or substitutable in function or effect. Groups I-IV are directed to different methods that recite structurally and functionally distinct elements, are not

Art Unit: 1649

required one for the other, achieve different goals, and therefore constitute patentably distinct inventions. The instant specification does not disclose that these methods would be used together. The methods of Groups I-IV are all unrelated as they comprise distinct steps and utilize different products (i.e. polypeptides versus polynucleotides) which demonstrate that each method has a different mode of operation. Each invention performs this function using structurally and functionally divergent material. Likewise, the inventions of Groups V-VII are drawn to structurally distinct pharmaceutical compositions. Taken together, these inventions are patentably different categories that do not fall into one of the combinations that the ISA/US considers as supporting unity of invention. This application contains claims directed to more than one species of the generic invention. These species are deemed to lack unity of invention because they are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1.

### Species Election

## The species are as follows:

The diseases for treatment: gastrointestinal and liver diseases, cancer disorders, hematological diseases, inflammatory diseases, respiratory diseases, neurological disorders, cardiovascular disorders, reproduction disorders or urological disorders (Claims 1-3, 12, 18, 21-23).

The agent of Claim 21 comprising: a small molecule, an RNA molecule, an antisense oligonucleotide, a polypeptide, an antibody, or a ribozyme.

The following claim(s) are generic: there are currently no generic claims.

Applicant is required, in reply to this action, to elect a single species to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. The reply

Art Unit: 1649

must also identify the claims readable on the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered non-responsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

5. The species listed above do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, the species lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons: The diseases disclosed represent etiologically and symptomologically distinct diseases which are not so linked as a group to form a single inventive concept. Likewise, the agents of Claim 21 encompass structurally distinct compounds, each with distinct physiological properties and effects, for which there is no evidence to suggest a common special technical feature that enjoins them as a group.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species or invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention or species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does

Art Unit: 1649

not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims.

Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and the product claims are subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be considered for rejoinder.

All claims directed a nonelected process invention must require all the limitations of an allowable product claim for that process invention to be reioined.

Art Unit: 1649

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103 and 112. Until all claims to the elected product are found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowable product claim will not be rejoined. See MPEP § 821.04(b). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution to require the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to STACEY MACFARLANE whose telephone number is (571)270-3057. The examiner can normally be reached on M,W and ALT F 7 am to 3:30, T & R 5:30 -5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jeffrey Stucker can be reached on (571) 272-0911. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/586,529 Page 9

Art Unit: 1649

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Stacey MacFarlane Examiner Art Unit 1649

/John D. Ulm/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1649